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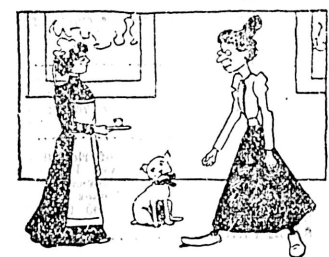
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We present you with the best stock of GROCERIES you ever had a chance to choose from. Not an article here but has passed the critical inspection of careful eyes. We know quality and sell quality. You'll pay only the lowest prices for what you buy here, because we sell for cash.

PINT FRUIT JARS, doz. 75c.
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B. C. GRANULATED SUGAR, 20 lbs. 1.00

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IMMENSE REDUCTIONS on remainder of old stock. Some special bargains of the season. Remnants for one and two rooms.

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Painting and Paperhanging at Lowest Rates.

Scotch Whisky

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guaranteed 20 years old.

Perfect. Pure. Palatable.

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VICTORIA WATER

From Oberlahnstein Mineral Springs, Germany. PINTS AND SPLITS.

The Best and Cheapest Mineral Water on the Market.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., LTD., VICTORIA, B.C.

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75c per 100 lbs.
Flower Balls, Spanish grown, and guaranteed good.
SYLVESTER FEED CO.

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The Largest Collection of Indian Baskets, Curiosities and Relics.
Stone and Wood Totem Poles, Slate Inlaid Dishes, Moccasins, Chilkat Blankets, etc., etc. at the
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Healthy by using International Poultry Food, a great egg producer, a fresh lot just received. Also Lee's Lice Killer. Lambert's Death to Lice. Kow-Kure for Cows. For a package with your next order, write to the Poultry Markers.
D. M. NODER,
No. 12 Store Street.

The Best Family Flour Is

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Milled in British Columbia

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All kinds of Wares we keep. Granite, Crockery, Tin and Chinaware, Stationery, Candles, Needles, and Pins, and all that. Specialties just now. House cleaning supplies.

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VICTORIA, B. C.

J. A. SAYWARD

ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B.C.; WHITE HORSE, YUKON; and NELSON, B.C.

Sashes and Doors and Wood Work

OF ALL KINDS

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.

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33 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Contractors and Dealers in Electrical Supplies.

Pacific Beer

Is of the highest standard and nothing but the very choicest ingredients are used in its manufacture.

WHY NOT HAVE THE BEST.

Pacific Bottling Works PHONE 44 26 Store St.

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That NEVER FAIL CANCER CURE is a perfect tonic and blood purifier, it regulates the stomach, liver and kidneys.

If cancer is suspected, it will permanently expell it from the system. It cures when hope is abandoned. It is not an experiment, but a proved reality. If you are a sufferer and cannot afford to buy it, we will give it to you for the asking.

H. H. JONES,
39 Birdcage Walk.

Do You Play TENNIS

We have a line of good Rackets on hand. Special Greenheart Rods for salmon trolling just arrived.

At FOX'S, 78 Gov't St.

Oklahoma has 135 state banks and 55 national banks, with a total deposit of \$5,500,000. The population of the territory is estimated at 700,000.

Real Estate.

A very fine residence and two acres on the Gorge. Open to offer 4 acres fronting on the Gorge. \$6,000 4 lots on Lamson street overlooking Esquimalt road. 1,100 Lot on Esquimalt road. 300 HOUSE FOR SALE. Four-roomed house and lot for \$250.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.
23 BROAD STREET.

Mining Shares

5,000 Mt. Sicker and Brenton Mines. 5c. 200 Sunset, Similkameen. 2c. 1,000 Slocan Star. 1c. 1,000 Similkameen Valley Coal. Cheap 5,000 Dardanelles. 5c.

NORTH STAR In East Kootenay is paying 1 1/2 cents every three months. It is shipping 40 tons daily, and has a large amount of cash on hand, something like \$200,000. The stock looks cheap around 22 to 25 cents.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.
23 Broad Street, near Colclough Office.

During Governor Odell's six week's trip in the West, New York, on the first day of his history, will be governed by the speaker of the assembly. Four weeks after Mr. Odell's departure Lieutenant Governor Woodruff will leave for Europe, and for the remaining two weeks Speaker Nixon will act as chief executive.

Colonials Reviewed

The Queen Present at Inspection of Contingents by Prince of Wales.

End of Anxiety About King's Health Adds to Joyousness of the Scene.

Canadians Celebrate Dominion's Birthday at the Arch in Whitehall.

London, July 1.—The following bulletin was posted at 10 o'clock this morning: "The King passed an excellent night of natural sleep. He has gained strength and made substantial improvement in all respects."

The following bulletin was posted at Buckingham Palace at 7 p.m.: "The advancement in the King's condition is maintained. His appetite is improving and the dressing of his wound is less painful. (Signed) Treves, Laking, Barlow."

London, July 1.—The re-appearance today of Queen Alexandra as a participant in a public ceremony practically marks the end of the period of anxiety caused by King Edward's condition. Her presence at the review of the colonial troops by the Prince of Wales greatly increased public enthusiasm over what in itself was a picturesque and interesting event. Upwards of 2,500 colonials were brought in from the various dominions and marched through great crowds down Constitution hill, which was lined with troops, past Buckingham Palace, which for a week has been the centre of such supreme interest, and along the Mall to the Horse Guards' parade. The contingents represented all parts of the British Empire, with the exception of India, whose troops will be separately reviewed tomorrow.

The Canadian detachment numbered 600 men and was by far the largest body on parade. The smallest detachment consisted of three natives of the Island of St. Lucia, Borneo, Ceylon, Fiji, the West Indies generally, Cyprus, the Gold Coast, Nigeria, Uganda and other remote colonies, were represented by native troops in clothing of striking variety, while straight from the fighting line in South Africa were details from the Canadian scouts, Kitchener's Horse and contingents from a number of local levies raised during the war.

The Queen's appearance, while on her way from the palace to the Horse Guards, was greeted with many cheers. The crowds on the streets, the spectators noticed that the ordeal of the past week had but little affected Her Majesty's health, and noted the absence of any signs of anxiety as she cheerfully acknowledged the congratulations of the public at the uninterrupted progress following.

The Queen was seated in an open carriage. Beside her was the Princess of Wales, and opposite Her Majesty were the Princess Victoria and Princess Charles of Denmark. Carriages containing the Duke of Cambridge, the Duchess of Connaught and others followed.

The Prince of Wales was accompanied by the Crown Prince of Denmark, Prince Frederick, Prince Charles of Denmark and their suites, and by foreign attaches.

The Duke of Connaught and Lord Roberts, the command-in-chief, surrounded by brilliant staffs, rode behind the Prince of Wales' party. The long lines of troops completely filled the Horse Guards' parade and their varied uniforms stood out in vivid contrast with the trees in the park. Thousands of spectators filled the stands or stood behind the police. Among the interested on-lookers were Prince "Eddy" and the other children of the Prince and Princess of Wales.

All the colonial premiers, Indian princes and other guests of the nation were present, to say nothing of peers and members of the House of Commons. The troops quickly marched past the Queen's carriage, the Prince of Wales receiving the salute. The Queen then drove slowly in and out of the lines, and the Prince of Wales closely inspected the troops and dismounted and conferred medals on the officers who had merited the honor, shaking hands with the recipients of the Victoria Cross.

Then formed the most picturesque feature of the day. The Duke of Connaught at the head of the troops and facing the Prince of Wales, in clear tones gave the command: "The parade will give three cheers for the King!" He himself started the "hip-hip." In a second this was taken up and there rose cheers such as London seldom hears, the sounds of which must have reached almost to the royal sick room half a mile away. Helmets, caps and campaign hats rose in waving confusion at the bayonet's point, and the assembled crowds joined in the equal vigor. A man in the Canadian ranks shouted "And a tiger!" at which the troops and crowd once more yelled themselves hoarse. It was the first occasion since the announcement of the King's illness that the general public had an opportunity to give free vent to their feelings, and the people took advantage of it.

After this the L'E. Guards rode up to the Queen's carriage, to the accompaniment of "God Save the King," and the cheers were not unmingled with tears of the women, many of whom were deeply affected. The Queen drove slowly past the troops at Buckingham Palace, constantly bowing and smiling acknowledgment of the people's greetings.

The Prince of Wales and the other members of the royal family followed, and the colonials re-formed in columns, and amidst hearty cheers from the crowds, all returned to their encampments.

Subsequently the Canadian troops signified Dominion Day by gathering at the Canadian Arch in Whitehall, where they went through a series of evolutions and were afterwards photographed. The arch was illuminated tonight.

There is some talk in official circles of a public thanksgiving service at St. Paul's cathedral when the King is sufficiently recovered to attend, but nothing has been definitely settled. This proposal, if it can be carried out, will be separate from the coronation, which, when it takes place, will be largely confined to a religious ceremony. The invitations to foreign powers to send representatives will be considerably curtailed, being restricted to countries connected with Great Britain by ties of blood or special friendship.

The steady progress of King Edward is fully maintained, and His Majesty

takes light nourishment with keen enjoyment. He is allowed a light cigar a day. He evidenced the greatest interest in the arrangements for today's review of the Colonial troops, and was eager that his people should be in some way compensated for their disappointment, because of the postponement of the coronation.

HAYTI ELECTION.
Using Rifles for Convincing Argument.

Port au Prince, Hayti, June 30.—The elections for deputies have been interrupted. The various political parties in Hayti are in arms and ready for battle. There has been much firing here and the situation is critical.

LORD MINTO.
Governor-General Will Remain For Coronation.

Ottawa, July 1.—(Special).—Lord Minto remains in England for the coronation. The Y. M. C. A. building is too small. A site will be purchased and a splendidly equipped building erected.

CANADIAN NORTHERN.
No Important Developments in Strike at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, July 1.—(Special).—There were no important developments today in the Canadian Northern railway strike owing to the holiday. The management claim that a large number of the men out will return to work tomorrow. Passenger trains were run today, but no attempt was made to move freight.

PROTESTS.
More Election Cases in Province of Ontario.

Toronto, July 1.—(Special).—At Osgoode hall yesterday a protest against the return of William D. McLeod as member for Gengarry was filed. McLeod was the Conservative candidate in the constituency. A protest also was filed against the return of John Hendrie in West Hamilton.

Throughout The Dominion

Vancouver Has Monster Crowds But Weather Is Somewhat Bad.

Day Observed at Ottawa—Winnipeggers Enjoy Sports and Picnics.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., July 1.—(Special).—Dull, rainy weather marred to some extent the enjoyment of the Dominion Day festivities at Vancouver. This is to be regretted the more as the number of visitors from the outside were more numerous than on any other similar occasion. Victoria sent two monster excursion loads over, and Nanaimo did splendidly by contributing 500 people to swell the crowds. The soldiers were to have paraded in the morning, but did not do so owing to the bad weather. The crowd congregated on the sidewalks and listened to the numerous bands that paraded through the gaily decorated business streets.

The day's festivities wound up with a band competition at the Point. Bands were turned from the grand stand and the crowd was larger in the afternoon. A grand display of fireworks added to the attractions of the brilliantly lighted scene. The bands competing were Victoria, Vancouver and Nanaimo. Victoria won first prize, and Vancouver second.

The Fifth Regiment band was loudly applauded.

Ottawa, Ont., July 1.—(Special).—Dominion Day was generally observed. Magnificent weather prevailed.

Winnipeg, Man., July 1.—(Special).—Winnipeggers enjoyed quiet Dominion Day today. Excursions were run to Rat Portage, Lac Du Bonnet and Ste. Jean Baptiste, while the stay-at-homes had the choice of sporting attractions. Winnipeg defeated Devil's Lake at baseball in the morning by six to nothing, and lost in the afternoon. At lacrosse the Winnipeg Shamrocks defeated the Winnipeg 8 to 3.

ONLY FIFTH.
Vaunted Meteor Lags Far Behind in Race.

Kiel, July 1.—The official award of the schooner race of Sunday last is as follows: Cypely, first; Lasee, second; Clara, third; Iduna, fourth; Meteor, fifth; and Nordwest, sixth.

SHOT IN A ROW.
Rochester Man Fatally Injures a Companion.

Rochester, N. Y., July 1.—Chas. Vansandt, aged 18, shot and perhaps fatally wounded George Ransom, aged 24, at a factory on Galusha street, today. Vansandt was arrested and taken to police headquarters, where he is held on a charge of assault in the first degree, to await the result of his victim's wounds. Vansandt was very excited and would not talk much regarding the affair, beyond declaring that he had shot in self-defence. The men at the factory who witnessed the shooting, however, say it was an unprovoked and unjustifiable assault.

CHINA'S PAYMENTS.
Some Difficulty Over the Rate of Interest.

Pekin, July 1.—The Shanghai government has notified the bankers that China refuses to pay the July instalment of the indemnity except at the rate of exchange prevailing on April 1, 1901. The foreign ministers consider that the Taotai declaration is the result of the announcement of the United States minister, Mr. Conger, to the Chinese government, that the United States sustains China, and is willing to accept payment on the basis named. But the ministers are confident that China will accept the decision of the majority of the ministers, when she is convinced that the United States is her only supporter. Some of the ministers insist that the United States policy is unreasonable and in direct opposition to the terms of the protocol. They assert that Prince Ching, head of the foreign office, and other Chinese officials, declared learning that China had the support of the United States in this matter, admitted that their arguments were rather a plea for mercy than a demand for justice.

The Minto Cup Stays

Westminster Lacrosse Team Loses Second Match to the Shamrocks.

Visitors Make a Plucky Fight for the Trophy But Without Avail.

And Eastern Team Wins By A Score of Five to Two Goals.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Montreal, July 1.—Today's lacrosse match between the Shamrocks and the New Westminster teams, which was the second of a series of three games for the Minto cup, resulted much the same as that of Saturday last, the Shamrocks winning by a score of 5 goals to 2. The game was not entirely free from roughness and many of the men were penalized, but no serious injury was suffered by any of the players, except Hoobin, of the Shamrocks, whose wrist was dislocated by a fall, which is claimed to have been the result of foul work on the part of Gray, New Westminster's clever point. The latter checked heavily throughout, and did not always confine himself strictly to the playing.

When Hoobin retired he was replaced by P. Doyle, a junior, who showed himself to be a very clever stick handler, and an exceedingly promising colt. However, notwithstanding the vigorous checking, the game was more largely a defensive one for the visitors than that of last Saturday, and while the defence as a whole played a fine game, it was impossible for them to stem the tide and avert defeat.

For the visitors, Cheyne, young Rennie and the two Giffords played excellently, as did also Cowan, Latham and Peele. Lynch also distinguished himself when he got an opening, but he was too closely covered to accomplish much. The visitors did not manage to get the Shamrocks at the Windsor hotel tomorrow. The teams and officials were: New Westminster—Cheyne, Gray, Galbraith, T. Gifford, Rennie, C. D. Peele, Tynan, Latham, W. Gifford, Cowan, Lynch, S. Peele, Capt. Wilkinson.

Shamrocks—Quinn, Howard, Reilly, Kavanagh, Finlayson, Smith, Currie, Robinson, Hoobin, Brennan, McKeown, Brennan, Capt. O'Connell, Referee, Dr. Irvine, umpires, C. Porteau, Dr. Craig.

THE SCORE.
Won by. Scored by. Time.
1. Shamrocks...J. Brennan...24 min. 10 sec.
2. Westminster...W. Gifford...14 min. 10 sec.
3. Shamrocks...J. Robinson...1 Min. 40 sec.
4. Shamrocks...P. Brennan...9 min.
5. Shamrocks...J. McKeown...1 min.
6. Shamrocks...J. McKeown...2 min. 20 sec.
7. Westminster...Lynch...14 min. 5 sec.

NEW MINISTER.
Member for Centre Quebec Taken Into Parent Cabinet.

Quebec, July 1.—Amedee Robitaille, of Quebec, was sworn yesterday as provincial secretary in the Parent cabinet.

DROWNED.
Young Lady Meets Death in Drowning Accident.

Toronto, July 1.—(Special).—Lizzie Edwards, aged 17, camping at Kew Beach, was drowned in the lake this afternoon. She was in a boat with companions, and in changing places the boat was upset. Her companions were saved with great difficulty. The body was recovered late tonight.

TEXAS SENATOR.
Catches His Confere from Indiana by the Throat.

Washington, June 30.—Senator Bailey, of Texas, assaulted Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, tonight, just after the Senate had adjourned from executive session. The affair was the result of bitter controversy, when the two senators had during the afternoon, Senator Bailey demanded of Beveridge to retract the language uttered at that time, and when the latter declined, it is alleged Mr. Bailey seized him by the throat and threw his weight on him at the same time. The two men were separated before damage was done.

GENERAL PROSPERITY.
Montreal and Toronto Both Show Large Customs Increase.

Toronto, July 1.—(Special).—Customs receipts at the Toronto customs house for the year ending yesterday were \$6,007,645, as compared with \$5,310,985 for the year 1901. This increase of \$686,660 is due in large measure to the great increase of dry goods and millinery importations following the general prosperity of the community. The duty collected during June was \$469,831, as compared with \$378,845 in June, 1901. The number of entries shows rapid increase as well as value. There were 105,618 in the year ending yesterday, an increase of 9,067 over 1901.

Montreal, July 1.—(Special).—Customs returns for Montreal for the year ending June 30 were \$10,090,508, an increase of \$1,118,123 over the preceding year.

DEATH DISCLOSES DEFAULTS.
Clerk Who Robbed United States Government—Cashier's Suicide.

New York, July 1.—United States District Attorney Gould announced today in the Probate court that William S. Yeatman, formerly disbursing clerk of the War Department, was at the time of his death a defaulter. So far as now known, the alleged defalcation amounts to about \$18,000. The government will take steps to recover the full amount. The defalcation, Mr. Gould announced, was only recently discovered, and was effected through the manipulation of vouchers.

Providence, R. I., July 1.—The special commission appointed by Governor Kimball to investigate the affairs of the Merchants' Bank of Newport, following the suicide of Cashier Sherman, made a report which shows that the bank is a complete wreck, the deficit being \$326,003.

Celebrating Canada's Day

Dominion Day Banquet in London Attended by Many Distinguished Guests.

Brother Colonials From South Africa and Australia Among Those Present.

London, July 1.—Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Canadian High Commissioner in London, presided tonight at the Dominion Day Banquet. Among the guests present were Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian Premier; Sir John Gordon Spragg, the Premier of Cape Colony; Sir John B. Barton, the Premier of Australia; all the Canadian statesmen now in London, the Earl of Minto, the Governor-General of Canada; the Duke of Argyll, former Governor-General of Canada; the Earl of Aberdeen, late Governor-General of Canada; and all the agents in London, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal read a letter from Queen Alexandra, in which Her Majesty explained how deeply touched the King had been at the outbreak of the war, and for him throughout the Empire, and in which she added her thanks to those who had joined her in prayers for the King's recovery.

Sir Charles Tupper, formerly High Commissioner for Canada in London, who was also present, proposed the health of the Royal family, and said he hoped the conference of Colonial premiers now being held in London would result in some system of preferential trade throughout the Empire.

The Earl of Minto, referring to the South African war, said the greatest landmark in Canadian history of the past four years, was the sailing of the first Canadian contingent to South Africa. This, the speaker said, was a notice to the whole world that it would hereafter have to reckon with the fighting manhood of a world-wide Empire. The Earl of Minto said also, that he thought that the war would have a great and favorable influence upon an Imperial career in the future.

The Duke of Argyll proposed a toast to the Dominion.

Responding to this toast, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said it was Canada's pride to be first in devotion to the Mother Land. "The colonial empire," he said, "is not because Great Britain needed help to fight her own battles, but in order to prove, henceforth, the unity of the Empire." In conclusion, Sir Wilfrid said that already he foresaw a new South African confederation with equal rights for all races.

CORONATION CURIOUSITIES.

Some of the Ancient Customs in Connection With the Ceremony.

(From Boys' Own Paper.)

It seems almost incredible that the oldest honor-giving distinction of the Lord Great Chamberlain's helping the monarch to put on his shirt when rising from bed on the coronation morning and to be rewarded by the monarch with a bedchamber's bed, bedding, nightgown, and other articles. So it does to find the Lord of the Manor of Lynton in Essex claiming as hereditary the privilege of providing "water" for the feast, and to receive for so doing a silver and pewter plates and dishes; also that the Lord of the Manor of Wyndford, in Dorsetshire, claimed his right of providing the new King with water to wash his hands in, for which service he got one time used to receive the basin and ewer, and like way in olden times the Lord of the Manor of Aschew, in Norfolk, used to receive as a gift the table napkins used at the coronation, and looking after them, which he probably did very sharply.

The honor of receiving the provisions left after the feast was claimed by the Lord of the Manor of Scoulton, in Norfolk, because he was the "Lord of the Land" for providing the King with a right-hand glove and supporting his right arm (poor old chap) while he held his sceptre, the Lord of the Manor of Workson has his special right, the coronation, the Lord of Heydon, in Essex, had the glorious privilege of triumphantly carrying off the towel on which the King, on that never-to-be-forgotten occasion, dried his hands before sitting down to the banquet in Westminster Hall.

If you consult those valuable old chronicles of Stow and Speed, with a few others, you will be able to note the prices paid for seats to witness the coronations and see what curious names the early coroners had.

When William the Conqueror was crowned, a coin, which I think, he introduced, called a "blank," was the price of a seat to see the grand procession. When our first Henry was crowned, it was a "crocodile," when Stephen became King a "pollard," when Richard I. was glorified a "suskinn," and when Henry III. was his successor a "dodkin."

When Edward I. was crowned, the spectator who sat in the gallery, farthing, or what was then called half a farthing, or a noble farthing (valued at 2s. 4d.). The fourth part of a penny then also in use was called a "sterling." When Edward the son of Edward III. was crowned, the price went up to the old Saxon halfpenny; and when Richard II. was enthroned, it was one penny; so, too, it was again in the reign of Henry IV. When Henry V. came, the charge was twopenny, and then, then the half of a "grossus," or "groat."

At succeeding coronation shows the prices of seats varied from a halfpenny and a penny to and fro, and in some cases the seats were given free to favored applicants. When Edward IV. succeeded, seats were sold for half a groat, and it was not until Henry VIII. ascended his throne that the price was doubled, as it was at the coronation of Edward VI. and Queen Mary. When Elizabeth was crowned, the price went up, and a "teston" or "toster" was the coin paid for a seat. When James I. was crowned, a shilling was demanded for this proud privilege, and when the Merry Monarch was crowned, half a crown was demanded. When William of Orange was crowned, a crown was paid; when George I. became King, the price began to vary, and reached, in most cases, to at least half a guinea.

Only once a year. The Fourth of July celebration. Don't miss it. Take steamer City of Nanaimo for Port Angeles Friday, 9 a.m., 2 and 7 p.m. City band. Fifty cents return.

MARTELL'S

THREE STAR

BRANDY.

OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

AT ALL BARS AND RESTAURANTS.

U. S. SENATE.

After Stormy Time It Adjourns Sine Die.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—After a session marked by some of the stormiest debates ever heard in the United States Congress, the Senate adjourned sine die at 5:30 this afternoon. During the last hours of the session there was a debate on the Philippine question.

KILLED.

Farmer Loses His Life at a Barn Raising.

Caistorville, Ont., July 1.—(Special).—An accident, which terminated fatally, occurred at a barn raising on the farm of Christopher Warner, four miles east of this place. A pulley broke allowing the pole to fall back among a crowd of men hauling on the rope below. Matt Siler was struck in the abdomen by the pole, and killed.

EASTERN LACROSSE.

Results of Senior Matches Played in Ontario.

Toronto, July 1.—(Special).—Poor lacrosse characterized the game at Hamilton's Point this afternoon, in the senior lacrosse match between Toronto and the Montreal Lacrosse teams. The visitors were completely outplayed by the home team, the match resulting in eight goals for Toronto to two for the Montreal club.

Cornwall, July 1.—(Special).—In the Nationals and Cornwall lacrosse match today, Cornwall won by four to three.

Brantford, July 1.—(Special).—Brantford defeated the Tecumseh by 14 to 3 at lacrosse today.

SPORTS AT THE TERMINAL CITY

**Large Turn Out at Race Meet
—Trap Shooting—Rifle
Matches.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., July 1.—Three thousand people attended the race meet at Hastings track today. The races were closely contested.

In the hotel keepers race, 2:16 trotters, Maple Mount won three straight; time 2:46.

In the harness race, 5 furlongs for 4-year-olds or over, which took and maintained the lead throughout, Madrona second; time 1:36.2.

In the corporation purse, six furlongs, Sator won, followed closely by Elk and Granger; time 1:25.5.

In the flash race, four furlongs for 3-year-olds and under, Gipsy Boy finished first, Reciprocity second, and Knockings third.

In the pony race, four furlongs handicap, Bessie Trable took first money, Sleepy Dan second; time, 1:01.

The handicap race was pulled off last. There were 11 starters for a \$1,000 prize. It was a magnificent race, a mile and a half dash. Late won, Dance Along second, Dr. Marks third.

THE GUN.

Vancouver, B. C., July 1.—(Special).—There was a good turnout at the International gun tournament held at Fairview today. In the first event 10 singles, first money was divided between Mr. Black, "Mack" Ellis and Forbes, all making 9. In the second event, 20 singles, Dr. Cooper and Ellis led with 19 each, and W. J. Marper and Mack made 18 each.

In the 25 event, 15 singles, J. T. Hillis and Ellis led with 14 each, and O. Weller, Mack and Forbes won second place with 10 each. In the team shoot, 25 singles, Seattle team, Cooper, Mack and Ellis made 56. Vancouver No. 1, Hillis, McLean and Thomas made 55. Vancouver No. 2, Harper, Goudon and Gatewood made 54.

In the fifth event, 10 singles, and 10 pairs, Hillis made 29, Mack 29, Sweet 28, and Ellis 25.

In the sixth event, 10 singles, Mack made 10, Ellis, Forbes, Weller and Hillis 8. In the seventh, the Coronation event, 15 singles, J. H. Mansell made 11, C. Cockney 10. The highest average was \$12.50, won by J. H. Mansell, 10; lowest average price, \$7.50, F. S. Macleure, 50.

THE RIFLE.

The Dominion Day rifle competition at Central Park camp, took place under favorable auspices. It was a success from every point of view. Late won, and the result was as follows:

Two hundred yards match—Serge, Ferris, 24; Corporal Grant, Sergeant, Taylor, 33; J. Duff-Stuart and nine others, 32.

Five hundred yards match—Private Turnbull, 37; H. Miller, G. A. Bout, W. H. Forrest, J. S. Selater, 34.

In the six hundred yard match Sergeant Ferris made 92; H. Stewart and Private Paul tied at 82; Private Miller and six others, 71.

In the Grand Aggregate match Private Miller made 97; Corp. Cunningham, 97; Private Turnbull, 97; Sergeant Ferris, 92; J. S. Selater, 95.

Westminster won the team match with an aggregate of 720; Vancouver second with 729; Vancouver Rifle Association third with 689; Victoria fourth with 653; Nanaimo fifth with 650.

THE LAW OF COMPENSATION.

(Philadelphia Times.)
Bridget and Pat were sitting in an arm chair reading an article on the "Law of Compensation." "Just fancy," exclaimed Bridget, "according to this, when a man loses more than his slaves another gets more developed. For instance, a blond man gets more blue as he gets older, and—"

"Shure, an' it's quite true," answered Pat. "O've noticed it myself. When a man has won less shorter than the other, begorra the other's longer."

AN ENERGETIC RETORT.

(Chicago Post.)
"My tastes," said the extravagant son, "are inherited."

"Yes," retorted the angry father, "everything you have is inherited. You haven't the energy enough to acquire even a taste by individual effort."

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

"Sure," replied the waiter. "Dis is a quick lunch joint. If he coffee was hot you wouldn't have time to drink it." Philadelphia Press.

FUNERAL HONORS

TO PAUNCEFOTE

Body of Late Ambassador Now Crossing Sea on the Brooklyn.

Washington, July 1.—The body of the late Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, was taken from its resting place in Rock Creek cemetery near this city today, and conveyed across country to a special train at Stott's station, a few miles north of here on the Baltimore & Ohio railway. The train returned to Washington, and the entire staff of the British embassy boarded it, and left for Annapolis, where the last funeral ceremonies took place this afternoon.

Annapolis, Md., July 1.—The last rites attendant upon the removal of the remains of the late British ambassador, Lord Pauncefote, from this country to England were held in Annapolis this afternoon. They consisted of an escort of honor in command of local Commander Howard, and composed of marines attached to the naval academy and seamen from the cruiser Brooklyn, from the railway station to the naval academy wharf. The body lay in state in the Standish, which conveyed it to the Brooklyn anchored in the offing. The Brooklyn, with Rear-Admiral Coghlan's pennant at her peak, weighed anchor at 1:55, and proceeded slowly down the Chesapeake.

Those accompanying the body from Washington were: Lieut.-Commander Niblack, U. S. N.; Col. Kilsno, and Messrs. Hakes, Williams, Crankenthal and Waterloo of the British embassy at Washington.

RHOJUN ARRIVES.

Brings Fair Cargo For Victoria and Other Points.

Steamer Rhodun, Capt. Ohno, arrived from the Orient last night shortly before midnight with 2,852 tons of general cargo, of which 115 tons was landed at the Outer wharf. She had three saloon passengers, and three steerage passengers. The intermediate passengers also bound to Seattle. Fifty Japanese and 38 Chinese debarked here. There were 105 Japanese, four Turks and one Chinese for Seattle. The Japanese passengers were: H. Furuta, Miss C. Robinson and Mr. C. Hooper. The intermediates were all Japanese. The steamer had a fair passage.

Steamer Maru, of the same line left Yokohama yesterday for Victoria. Steamer Kinshichi Maru left Hongkong on Monday for this port.

THE DOUKHOBORS.

A Visit to Their Settlements and the Report.

The progress of the Doukhobors in the Northwest is very satisfactory, according to three unprejudiced visitors who recently made a trip to their settlements for the purpose of investigating their condition. These were Joseph Elkington of Philadelphia, Peter Jansen, of Jansen, Nebraska, and John Healey, of Fairburg, Nebraska.

Mr. Elkington is one of the most prominent Quakers on this continent, and during the spring he visited 54 Doukhobor villages in Manitoba and the Territories.

In describing an interview with these gentlemen after their return from the Prairies, the Montreal Gazette says:

"When coming up, Mr. Elkington informed on Mr. Jansen accompanying him. Mr. Jansen is of Russian birth and speaks the language of the Doukhobors fluently. He is a member of the state assembly, and was one of 12 United States commissioners sent to the Paris Exposition of 1900. He is recognized as the head of the Mennonites in Nebraska. Having a desire to see the Doukhobors, so closely related to the Mennonites, he accepted the invitation and spent three weeks among 12 of the villages.

The Doukhobors, he says, are the making of good settlers. They have come from a country of oppression, and it will take some time to convince them that they are now living in a land of freedom. They are already beginning to see that there is a mighty difference between the government of Canada and that of every other country in the world, and that they are now living in a land of freedom. They are already beginning to see that there is a mighty difference between the government of Canada and that of every other country in the world, and that they are now living in a land of freedom.

Asked if they would object to taking out patents for lands individually, he said:

"No, I don't think so. The government has made concessions in their case and it is only a matter of time, in my opinion, until they will become assimilated. They are industrious, truthful and honest. If they were taught the English language they would lose their identity much quicker. They are anxious to learn the language, and it is unfortunate that there is no English language in the villages where schools can be established among them."

When visiting the village of Petrofka, he met a Russian named Michael Scherbinin, who is a Canadian citizen near here. Mr. Scherbinin comes of a noble Russian family. In his youth he had all the advantages of a liberal education, and now he speaks nine languages fluently. His political views were too liberal for the despotic government of Russia, and he was banished. He came to Canada and joined his fellow countrymen in the Territories. Besides farming he finds time to instruct the Doukhobors in the English language and his charitable work has been fruitful of much good.

Mr. Jansen said that J. Obed Smith deserved much credit for the way in which he handled the Doukhobors. During his visit among the villages Mr. Jansen was impressed with the great future in store for Western Canada, and he returned to Nebraska and induced Mr. Healey to accompany him on a trip through Assiniboia and Saskatchewan with a view of purchasing land for colonization purposes. The demand in the United States is large for cheap lands. Families with grown up sons are looking for homes where they and their sons can establish themselves, and for these Mr. Jansen thinks Western Canada is just the place. In every part of the country that was visited he said the people were satisfied.

There was one other thing that impressed the Americans unfavorably. The railway facilities are not, according to them, equal to the development of the country. In the United States railways have been the forerunners of colonization, but in the Canadian West this order is reversed. They instanced the case of the C. P. R. between Regina and Prince Albert. It is 250 miles in length and passes through fairly populous districts, and still there is only a semi-weekly train service.

Mr. Healey is a prominent attorney of Southern Nebraska.

SILENCE FOLLOWED.

A young gentleman took his little sister with him while calling the other evening at a house where he is a regular visitor. The little girl came to his room at home and showed great fondness for one of the young ladies.

"How very affectionate she is!" said the lady of the house.

"Yes, so like her brother," responded the young lady, "and she is engaged to Mr. Swackhammer."

Young man (still agitated, but reflecting that it is not yet late in the evening) said Miss Ruth, Mr. Means, I said Gwendolene. The—er—similarity of the names probably caused you to misunderstand me."

The Whole Story in a letter: **Pain-Killer** (PRATT'S PAIN-KILLER).

From Capt. F. E. Love, Police Station No. 6, Montreal:—"We frequently use PRATT'S PAIN-KILLER for pains in the stomach, rheumatism, stiffness, frost bites, chilblains, cramps, and all ailments which bedevil men in our nation. I have no hesitation in saying that PRATT-KILLER is the best remedy to have near at hand."

Used Internally and Externally. Two Sizes, 5c. and 50c. bottles.

A little knowledge of English is, indeed, a dangerous thing. At Bombay a native baker has had the words "European loaf" painted over his door.

Young man (somewhat agitated)—"I have called, Mr. Means, to ask permission to pay my addresses to your daughter, Miss Ruth."

Banker Means—"My daughter Ruth, Mr. Means, is not yet engaged to Mr. Swackhammer."

Dragged-Down Feeling

In the lotus. Nervousness, unrefreshing sleep, despondency. It is time you were doing something. The kidneys were anciently called the reins—in your case they are holding the reins and driving you into serious trouble.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Acts with the most direct, beneficial effect on the kidneys. It contains the best and safest substances for correcting and toning these organs.

MONUMENTS Get Stewart's Prices

on Monuments, Cemetery Coping, Imported Scotch Granite Monuments, etc., before purchasing elsewhere. Nothing but the class stone and workmanship. Corner Yates and Blanchard Streets.



SHAKE! OLD BOY.

It Takes a Good One to Beat the Province Cigar

High Class Union Made Cigars. FACTORY. YATES STREET.

St. Margaret's College

TORONTO.
A Boarding and Day School for Girls.

A full academic course, Music, Art, Elocution, Dramatic Science, and Physical Culture. University examinations in Music a special feature.

Native teachers of French and German. MRS. GEORGE DICKSON, Lady Principal.

GEORGE DICKSON, M.A., (Late Principal Upper Canada College), Director.

TIRED MOTHERS!

It's hard work to take care of children and to cook, sweep, wash, sew and mend besides. It makes a shop of the home—a shop, too, where sixteen hours make a day and yet there is much working overtime.

Hood's Sarsaparilla helps tired mothers in many ways—it refreshes the blood, improves the appetite, and assures restful sleep.

YOUR PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

Treated Within All Its Phases by **Prof. Jameson,**

LATE OF INDIA.
THE MYSTERIES OF PALMISTRY AND PHRENOLOGY TAUGHT TO ALL WHO SEEK ENLIGHTENMENT. GIVE DATE OF BIRTH AND COLOR OF HAIR. ACCOMPANIED BY \$1. AND WE WILL SEND YOU A COMPLETE HISTORY OF YOUR PAST AND PRESENT LIFE.

60 FORT STREET

VICTORIA, B. C.
The Vancouver Young Women's Christian Association

591 Howe Street.

Provides a comfortable home for young women and girls. Board \$3.25 to \$3.75 per week.

For all information apply to the Secretary

WIGS SWITCHES, CURLS, ETC.

Combing made up in every style. Theatrical and masquerade wigs to let. Country orders promptly attended to. Hair-dressing, shampooing, face massage. A large stock of hair and ornaments. Hair fringe nets, always on hand.

C. KOSCHE
15 Douglas St., near Fort.

FOR SALE BY TENDER

Tenders will be received up to the 15th day of July for the purchase of the four-roomed house, number 124 Chatham street, situated on subdivisions 19 and 20, of Suburban lot number 2. Tenders must be for cash, deeds at buyer's expense. Tenders to be sent to J. L. Crump, 65 O'Leary Bay Road, or to J. D. Bryant, 146 Chatham St. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

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(PRATT'S PAIN-KILLER).

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The Westside.

Victoria's Popular Store..... July 2nd, 1902

Grand Annual July Cheap Sale!

OPENS THURSDAY MORNING JULY 3RD.

Every Article Reduced in Price!

No matter what you buy, be it the latest novelty from Paris or such staple articles as Linens, Cottons, Towels, Dress Goods, etc., you'll find that the price reduction has been great.

THE "CLIMAX" IN SILK BARGAINS

Tomorrow "The Westside" reaches the climax in Silk Bargains. Compared with this event the silk happenings so far this season are entirely eclipsed.

425 YARDS RICH FANCY CORDED SILK, in a bewildering profusion of designs and color effects. Regular value 40c. SALE PRICE 27½c.

20 PIECES ENGLISH WASH SILKS, in neat stripe and check effects. Regular value 65c. SALE PRICE 40c.

8 PIECES NEW FANCY LACE STRIPE SILKS, in delicate color effects. Regular value 90c. SALE PRICE 50c.

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8 PIECES NEW FANCY LACE STRIPE SILKS, in delicate color effects. Regular value 90c. SALE PRICE 50c.

Parasol Reductions HUNDREDS

It is safe to say Thousands

Of Victoria ladies will buy their Parasols at "The Westside," this month. The saving is important.

LADIES' MEROIZED SILKETTE PARASOLS, in White and Colored, with steel rods. Regular value \$1.00 each. SALE PRICE 65c.

LADIES' COLORED PARASOLS, covered with fine satteen, in Black, White and Colored. Regular value \$1.25. SALE PRICE 90c.

House Furnishing Specials!

Let us tell you about a few of the great bargains this July Cheap Sale brings to you in House Furnishings.

IMPERIAL WINDOW SHADES, in Cream and Green, with "Hartshorn's" Spring Bottom complete. Regular value 50c. each. SALE PRICE 35c.

ART CRITTONES, new designs. Regular 12½c. yard. SALE PRICE 7½c.

JAPANESE MATTING, good serviceable designs. Regular value 30c. a yard. SALE PRICE 19c.

ENGLISH OILOLOTH, well seasoned. Regular value 35c. yard. SALE PRICE 25c.

Household Linens

54 INCH HALF BLEACHED TABLE LINEN, Regular 22c. yard. SALE PRICE 22c.

58 INCH HALF BLE

Overlooking the picturesque E
MODERATE
Bedroom, light and attendanc
Breakfast from 50c.; lunch, 85
Suites, insuring absolute priva
Telegraphic Address : **Cecella,**

'I've been fooled!' he declared disgustedly; they tol' me I could find a bar'l of money loose in the lobby, but I see now het it's a lie.

—O—

To be free from sick headache, biliousness, constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They cost

whole, served on a bed of parsley. The dish was carried solemnly to the president, who rose and bowed gravely three times to the unconscious fish, after which it was paraded round the room and saluted by all the members of the club in turn. At the close of the dinner the president proposed the health of all fish.

Carnations
FRESH CUT DAILY.
F. FRANCIS.
FAIRVIEW NURSERY
Store 74 Yates St. Tel 98. Tel 21

<p>Fine Worsteds and Fancy Tweeds For Spring and Summer Wear. WO SANG 25 Store Street.</p>	<p>JAPAN-AMERICAN LINE. Fortnightly Sailings. KAGA MARU will leave July 1st, 1902 for China, Japan and Asiatic ports. K. J. BURNS, General Agent.</p>
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Suites, insuring absolute privacy, from \$6 per day.
Telegraphic Address: Cecelia, London A. Judah, Mgr.

To be free from sick headache, biliousness, constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They gently stimulate the liver and free the stomach from bile.

the unconscious fish, after which it was paraded round the room and saluted by all the members of the club in turn. At the close of the dinner the president proposed the health of all fish.

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F. FRANCIS.
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Store 74 Yates St. Tel 98. Tel. 21

For Spring and Summer Wear.

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55 Store Street.

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for China, Japan and Asiatic ports.
K. J. BUEENS,
General Agent.

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1902.

Published by
The Colonist Printing & Publishing
Company, Limited Liability
No. 27 Broad St. - - - Victoria, B. C.
PEROVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20 cents per copy
or mailed postpaid, 100 copies per month
(except the city) at the following rates:

One year \$1.50
Six months75
Three months40

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One year \$1.50
Six months75
Three months40

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada or the
United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Agate measurement: 14 lines to the inch.
READING NOTICES—20c. per line each
insertion, or \$2 per line per month.

TRANSIENT AND LEGAL ADVERTISING—10c. per line for first insertion, and
6c. per line for each subsequent consecutive
insertion; otherwise 10c. per line each
insertion. Preferred positions extra, ac-
cording to page, etc.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT on yearly and
half-yearly contracts. For rates, etc., apply
at the office.

FINANCIAL, INSURANCE and COM-
PANY REPORTS, 10c. per line for 100
lines or under; over 100 lines, 10c. per
line, discount on each additional 100 up to 500;
500 lines or over, 8c. per line. Reports
published in the Daily will be inserted in
one of the Semi-Weekly editions for 50 per
cent. additional to the Daily rate.

CONDENSED ADVERTISING (CLASSI-
FIED)—One cent a word each insertion;
10 per cent. discount for six or over con-
secutive insertions. Cash with order. No
advertisement inserted for less than 25c.

BUSINESS or PROFESSIONAL CARDS—
Of four lines or under, \$2 per month.
BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS—
\$1 each, including insertion in the Daily
and one of the Semi-Weekly editions.

No advertisement charged to account for
less than \$1.

\$25.00 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as
will lead to the conviction of anyone
stealing the Colonist newspaper from
the door of a subscriber.

ADVERTISING.

The Americans are the greatest ad-
vertisers in the world. Everything they
find to pay they push to its utmost limit,
and they have found advertising to pay.
They have invented all sorts of ingenious
devices for advertising purposes, and
are engaged in reducing advertising to
a more or less exact science with well
established rules. Quite a literature has
grown up round the science of adver-
tising both explanatory and controver-
sial. But upon one point a general con-
sensus of opinion has been reached,
namely, that the advertising which pays
the best is that done through the col-
umns of daily newspapers. The practi-
cal experience of the most successful ad-
vertisers has long been proof of this,
but the reasons why newspaper adver-
tising is the best have not lately been
put forward in a way that is inco-
vertible. The first reason is that it is
quite possible, by diffused advertising
in other media than newspapers, to create
a demand where there is no easy pos-
sibility of supplying it. In other words
there is a waste of force. A newspaper,
on the other hand, circulates in a well
defined territory in which it is the ad-
vertiser's business to see that whatever
he is advertising is easily procurable at
the same time as attention is drawn to
it. The second reason is that not only
is there no loss of force in newspaper
advertising, but the insistence which is
so necessary is secured by the attention
being repeatedly drawn to the same
thing. The value of this in advertising
might be illustrated in many different
ways and by many different examples,
but one is enough. Everyone knows how
the phrase "Worth a guinea a box," has
been stereotyped in connection with one
particular commodity, so that no one
could say, "Worth a guinea a box" with-
out nine out of ten English-speaking peo-
ple immediately having suggested to their
minds a particular brand of pills. So
that these pills by simple insistence on
a particular phrase have acquired a
matchless advertisement. These two
things then, conservation of advertising
energy, and insistence, are to be secured
by advertising in the daily papers and
in no other way. Any merchant who
finds that for some commodity he
handles he is not getting the full ad-
vantage of his natural market may quite
safely lay it to the fact that he is not
advertising in the daily papers.

HIS EYES OPENED.

Mr. Knappen, the associate editor of
the Minneapolis Journal, accompanied
the bankers of Minnesota on their re-
cent trip through Manitoba. At a con-
vention of the bankers he had the fol-
lowing to say:

"We have persistently pursued a mis-
taken policy with regard to the people
who now rule that country and who
are peopling it. Looking back now, it
seems to me that our true policy should
have been to cultivate the good-will of
the Canadians, to help them to pros-
perity, to share it with them, to set
in all international trade questions their
interests as well as ours. But for
nearly forty years our policy has uni-
formly been one of commercial snub-
bing for Canada. The motive of it has
been the belief that our markets were

indispensable to Canadians and that by
driving them away from those markets,
we should finally starve them into a de-
sire for political union. The result of
this mistaken policy is that the Cana-
dians have found a way to get along
commercially without us.

The absolute truth of these remarks
will be admitted by everybody, and
Canada's commercial independence of
the United States will be more and
more pressed home as the people of the
United States become more and more
conscious of the extent to which the
continued growth of American industry
depends upon the vast stores of raw ma-
terial more cheaply procurable in Cana-
da than in the United States. Some
alarmists have seen danger to Canadian
nationality in the great influx of set-
tlers from the United States who are
pouring into the Canadian Northwest at
the present time. They have imagined
that these people, bringing with them
their previously acquired prejudices and
possessions, would occasion a dan-
gerous reaction in favor of what our
cousins are pleased to call "American-
ism." No such result is in the least de-
sire likely. The most salient feature of
"Americanism" is undisguised hostility
to the industrial and commercial inter-
ests of everyone who has the misfor-
tune to live outside the United States,
and particularly of those who labor and
trade in the Dominion of Canada. Con-
fronted with this feature of it, the
thousands of immigrants from the Unit-
ed States into the Canadian Northwest,
are bound to regard "Americanism" as
a much more unlovely thing than they
have been accustomed to believe it, and
to become ardent admirers of the reci-
procal commercial independence which
is making a great nation out of the
Dominion of Canada.

THE A. P. AGAIN.

The Toronto Globe draws attention
to the extraordinary character of the Lon-
don news we receive through the Asso-
ciated Press, and points out that its
special correspondence does not bear out
the statements of the Associated Press
correspondent. It says:

The London correspondent of the As-
sociated Press appears in a most exag-
gerated and querulous mood. Nothing
seems to be going right. In fact, affairs
here seem to be well conducted in
London, in his opinion. In his despatches
of Saturday he claims to have discovered
a colonial premier—whose name is dis-
creetly suppressed—who begins his in-
terview by saying that the colonies
have not always complete control of
their own affairs. Instances are, of
course, not presented. Again, the cor-
respondent finds that the accommodation
for the colonial contingents at
Alexandra Park are "utterly inade-
quate during the first week of the war,"
refusing to stay in the tents, have taken
rooms near by." Our special cable dis-
agrees entirely with this statement, and
it is most probable that these officers
always intended to take rooms near by.
This was the course adopted in the
jubilee year. The correspondent again
finds that the only result likely to be
achieved by the Imperial conference re-
lates to the United States and the
Bond-Maine convention. We can
scarcely believe that there are no other
and more interesting results to follow.
Again, in his view, the Morgan Atlantic
combine is a great industrial triumph,
but to suggest that British shipping
will combine in a "cartel" process
for the purpose only of extorting
subsidies. The same authority dis-
covered a rumor that anarchists were
plotting against the King's life, but it is
very easy to discover rumors. He also
found most people in England protest-
ing against police regulations for con-
trolling the crowds that will view the
coronation processions. Not only in this
case, but in most cases, he presents ex-
ceptions as general conditions. Alto-
gether, it will be wise to read such dis-
patches with several grains of salt.
But at the same time it is most unfor-
tunate that American opinion of affairs
in Great Britain should be based on
such inaccurate and unreliable dis-
patches.

It may be unfortunate that American
opinion of affairs in Great Britain should
be based on inaccurate despatches, but
it is doubly unfortunate that Canadian
opinion should be based on such infor-
mation. Our Associated Press is busily
engaged in sowing the seeds of disunion
between Great Britain and Canada, and
newspapers which observe the process
with pain, are unable to counteract by
occasional outbursts in their editorial
columns, the insidious effect of the tone
of their news columns. We confess we
do not understand why an influential
paper like the Globe does not lead a
campaign which would bring about
amendment.

A writer in the New Liberal Review,
commenting on the American Steam-
ship Trust, looks to Canada to maintain
the mercantile supremacy of Great
Britain. By a combination of the gov-
ernment, the shipowners, and the Cana-
dian Pacific Railway, "the great
wheat fields of Canada, her mines along
the shores of Lake Superior, the coal
of the Eastern provinces, and the im-
mense resources of that virgin country
would be developed beyond the dreams
of Canadian statesmen." Moreover,
"much of the American traffic" would
be snatched from Mr. Morgan.

A curious slip was made the other day
by the editor of the Springfield Republi-
can in commenting on the increase of
the sale of postage stamps in the United
States. He said this did not necessarily
indicate an increase in postal business
because stamps were being increasingly
used in remitting small sums of money.
A moment's reflection will show that the
use of stamps for this purpose could not
increase their aggregate consumption.

Edison's new storage-battery, in which
iron and nickel are used instead of
lead, with the result that great lightness
is attained, is now nearly ready to be
put on the market, and great results are
promised. As contrasted with the old
lead storage-battery of 180 pounds per
horse-power, his battery only weighs
63.3 pounds per horse-power.

In the territory of Saskatchewan, 114,-
000 square miles in extent, there are
only 100 miles of railway. Kansas,
whose area is but 81,848 square miles,
has 8,719 miles of railway; North Da-
kota, 70,172 square miles, has 2,731
miles; Iowa, 55,697 square miles, 9,185
miles; South Dakota, 76,885 square
miles, 2,849 miles.

If we are to judge from the large
and enthusiastic crowd which gathered
at Oak Bay yesterday afternoon, base-
ball must be growing in popularity in
Victoria. There is a corresponding im-
provement in the Victoria mine. They
are playing up well this season.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SALT WATER.

SA.—A semi-anonymous correspondent,
(T. C. S.), in your issue of yesterday, en-
deavors to make points against the City
Council by stating that the matter is prom-
ising and absurd character. Unfortunately
the temper and style of the writer are too
well known to justify the Council in re-
plying to the letter with a desire to be-
lieve the city. This writer, while
plausible, is generally very inaccurate in
his figures and deductions, and particularly
so when dealing with municipal affairs, and
the reason is plain. A majority of the al-
dermanic board have felt it their duty to
oppose some of his immature and imper-
fect schemes, and has not assisted him
in his efforts by him for compensatory pay-
ment and refused by previous Councils.
Hence at every opportunity he has endeavored
to distort facts, and tries to hold up certain
members of the Council to contempt and
ridicule with the hope of eventually sec-
ing their defeat and rejection at the polls.
Now, if your journal was only circulated
in this city, where your correspondent's
vagaries are so well known, it would be en-
tirely unnecessary to reply to anything he
may choose to write, but being read abroad
it is his duty to the city's interest, and
if his insinuations of civic ineptitude and
mismanagement were left altogether un-
answered, for the safety of the city, in-
stead of the error in T. C. S.'s opening fig-
ures, which possibly may be due to the
source from which he admits having
taken them; and deal with his statement
that:

"This actual cost of water used for flush-
ing the sewers and spilling about the
streets, is about \$40,000 per annum."
The fact is, that the entire cost of main-
taining the city waterworks last year, in-
clusive of supplying all water for domestic
purposes, flushing sewers, sprinkling,
removal of refuse, etc., was \$24,000.
(8c) and when it is considered that if this
salt water scheme was adopted the present
cost of fresh water maintenance would
be reduced to \$10,000, the net saving of
\$14,000 is apparent, and needs no comment.

Let us now look for a moment at his sec-
ond proposition, viz: "If sea water were
pumped up and distributed at an expendi-
ture of even one-half the cost, \$20,000 would
be saved to the ratepayers, plus a saving
in maintenance of roads and the real ad-
vantage of laying the cost."

For carrying this out it would be abso-
lutely necessary to install a new pumping
station and a service of pipes extending to
all sewerage parts of the city. This has
been estimated to cost approximately \$100,-
000 and the yearly maintenance of the
pumping station, exclusive of interest on
capital invested or depreciation of pipes
and machinery has been estimated at \$2,500.
It is thus seen that the initial cost of the
sea water scheme would be \$100,000. The
yearly maintenance, \$2,500; interest on cap-
ital at 4 per cent, \$4,000; and say 5 per
cent for depreciation, \$5,000. The total
cost per annum being \$12,000.

Instead, therefore, of the city saving \$20,-
000, as pointed out by your correspondent,
it is manifest beyond doubt that the addi-
tional cost to the city must be at least
\$12,000 per annum. While it may be ad-
mitted that salt water is preferable for road
sprinkling, and that the fresh water now
used for sprinkling and flushing sewers
might be diverted to irrigation and other
purposes, still it is safe to say that until
the supply of water at the market is able
to be adequately and cheaply and wisely
interpreted the feeling of the rate-
payers, in not being led away at the present
time to incur further heavy charges, is
THOS. I. WORTHINGTON.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Military experts are now expressing
the opinion that the strength of the Boer ar-
mies during the first year of the war was
not far short of 125,000. This is probably
an overstatement, though it now seems high-
ly probable that at the time General Cronje
surrendered, and Lord Roberts made his
triumphant march from Bloemfontein to
Pretoria, the Boers had as many men as
the British had at the time of the battle.
Up to that time the Boers had no lines of
communication to protect, a service in
which the British had to employ the larger
half of their forces.—Hullfax Herald.

We draw the color line severely not only
at the South, but at the North, and some
of our plotters are stupid enough
to try to enforce it in the leading hotels of
London. The color line is so visible in
England that on the 18th inst. the negro
King of Harrodsland, Africa, died at the
private residence of the Earl of Shaftesbury,
who are relatives of the Earl of Shaftesbury.
The guests included the Archbishop
of Armagh, the Earl and Countess of Sea-
field and the Earl of Carysfort. Subse-
quently a reception in honor of this negro
King was attended by the Marquis of
Tweeddale, Viscount and Viscountess Ban-
gor, Lord and Lady De Freyne, and many
other persons prominent in society.—Port-
land Oregonian.

A new process has been put in operation
in Missouri by which bricks are manufac-
tured from sand and cement. The new
method is said to have several advantages
over the process which has hitherto been
in operation. In operation, the bricks are
necessary, the hardening of the brick
beginning as soon as it is taken from the
mould, and in fifteen days it is ready for
delivery. During the process of moulding
a single brick undergoes a pressure of 65,-
000 pounds. In thirty days from the time
the hardening process begins, the brick
will stand a pressure of ten tons; in sixty
days a pressure of twenty tons.—Winnipeg
Telegram.

"Like a breath of Canada's own keen
winter air comes the speech of the Cana-
dian Minister of Works across the ocean
today. The Dominion will stand no non-
sense about the 'Morganizing' of its trans-
continental railway. American dollars may
buy up the shares, and American speculators
may acquire the control of the Canadian
Pacific railway, but neither dollars can buy
nor syndicates control the spirit of self-
reliance and resources of the Canadian peo-
ple. Mr. Morgan or his allies might buy
up the Canadian Pacific railway, but, says
Mr. Tarte, 'the government could build an
other transcontinental railway, even if it
pledged the credit of the country for two
generations.'—London Chronicle.

Phoenix Pioneer.

Reports from Manitoba as to the effect
that the C. P. R. will this year handle the
greatest wheat tonnage in its history. The
C. P. R. will also handle this year—is
now doing it, in fact—the greatest tonnage
in the history of the province, the
major portion of which is from boundary
mines. No. 1 hard and No. 1 chalcophyllite
cut no small figure in the revenue of the
C. P. R.

SECURE DAMAGES.

From Phoenix Pioneer.
Before Judge Leamy, in the county court
at Greenwood, Tuesday, R. H. Hutchens,
late foreman at the Mother Lode mine,
sued the B. C. Copper Co. for \$1,418.25,
alleged to be due. The company claimed
that Hutchens tried to dissuade the men
from bidding on the work, and for this
reason discharged him. Hutchens was
awarded \$175 by the jury, the amount of
one month's wages, and the company will
probably appeal.

WANTED.

Clean Cotton Rags,
(good sized pieces) at the
"Colonist" Office.

J. MUSGRAVE.

INSURANCE AND
REAL ESTATE AGENT

17 TROUCE AVENUE,
VICTORIA, B.C.

J. O'SULLIVAN, F.C.S.
PROVINCIAL ASSAYER
BY EXAMINATION.

RELIABLE! CONFIDENTIAL.
Established 1807.
Assayer for 20 years with Vivian & Sons,
Swansea. Complete analysis of ores, etc.,
and CONTROL ASSAYS ALL TESTS.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

CONSTIPATION

Is an indication of a disordered stomach, and if not attended to promptly will
undermine your constitution and leave your system in a generally unhealthy
condition, thus making you more susceptible to disease.

Hunyadi Janos

NATURAL MINERAL LAXATIVE WATER

Is the best and safest Laxative for the Positive cure of CONSTIPATION.
Taken immediately upon arising, its wonderful and satisfying effects will sur-
prise you. Try it once and you will use no other Laxative. Be sure you ask for
HUNYADI JANOS (full name).
DON'T BE INDUCED TO BUY SUBSTITUTES. They are WORTHLESS and
often HARMFUL. LABEL IS BLUE WITH RED CENTRE.

New Arrivals

Summer Corsets, from 75c. pair

Fast Black Cotton Hose, from 20c. pair

A fine assortment of White Valenciennes

and Twine Colored Laces.

Mrs. W. Bickford

61, 63, FORT ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large and small amounts, on im-
proved Real Estate.

S. WINTERSON & ODDY,

306 Government Street.

EDUCATIONAL.

WESTBOURNE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

340 Bloor St., West, Toronto.

Autumn term begins September 10th. Full
courses in Literature, Music, Art, Elec-
tion and Domestic Science. Students pre-
pared for University and Departmental
Examinations. Specialists in each depart-
ment affiliated with Toronto Conservatory
of Music, Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Di-
rector; F. McGillivray Knowles, R. C. A.,
Art Director. For prospectus and infor-
mation, address the Principals, Miss M. Car-
lette, B. A.; Miss S. E. Dallas, Mus. Bac.

The H. B. A. Vogel Commercial College

We teach thorough office methods entirely
and use no text books or "system" for
bookkeeping. We teach and place our
students into positions in six months.
Short-hand and typewriting. Send for illus-
trated prospectus.
P. O. Box 847, VANCOUVER, B. C.

Strawberries, Gooseberries,
FOR PRESERVING

NOW IS THE TIME TO ORDER.

JARS PINTS, QUARTS AND HALF GALLONS AT LOWEST RATES

—ORDER EARLY—

Erskine, Wall & Co.

TELEPHONE 88. THE LEADING GROCERS.

CAMPING OUTFITS,
PICNIC PARTIES.

Rejoice! Eat, drink and make merry, for the day of rejoicing is now at hand,
and the SAUNDEIS GROCERY CO., LTD., have provided an abundance of
everything that is good for mankind, that they may be enabled to fitfully cele-
brate and enjoy this festive season in characteristic style. Outfits for pic-
nic and outing parties furnished with taste and convenience. Everything guar-
anteed satisfactory, with prices right, at

THE SAUNDERS GROCERY CO., LTD. PHONE 39 & 41 JOHNSON ST.

CURSE OF
DRINK

IF ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY DRINKS,
the taste for liquor can be removed permanently by
giving Tasteless Samaria Prescription secretly in
food or drink. Failure impossible. Free sample,
testimonials, price sent sealed. Write SAMARIA
REMEDY CO., 27 Jerlan street, Toronto, Ont.

CURED
SECRETLY

THE STERLING

DRY GOODS STORE, 39 GOVERNMENT STREET.
NOW CONDUCTING A GREAT COMBINATION SALE.

The Elite Millinery Stock

CONSISTING OF TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS,
FLOWERS, FEATHERS, QUILLS, WINGS, CHIFFONS,
ORNAMENTS, VEILINGS, RIBBONS,
VELVETS, AND SILKS,

HAS BEEN MOVED TO

THE STERLING,

39 Government Street

THE COMBINATION
MILLINERY AND
DRY GOODS SALE

Now Running in Full Blast,
and will continue until the
entire stock is sold.

Remember we are positively closing out both the

DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY STOCKS

AND EVERY ARTICLE MUST BE SOLD

THE STERLING

39 Government Street.

**DRUGGIST'S
SUNDRIES.**
EXCELLENT GOODS
MODERATE PRICES

WE ARE THE PEOPLE

Foot Powder

FOR ACHING,
SORE,
TIRE,
TENDER,
SWEATING,
SWOLLEN FEET,
25c. Per Box.

Cyrus H. Bowes
CHEMIST.
98 Government St., Near Yates St.

TOURIST DELIGHT

The Nugget Cigar

Pacific Cigar Co., 105 Johnson Street.

JUST RECEIVED
Croquet Sets
FOR EVERYBODY. CHEAP.

VICTORIA BOOK & STATIONERY CO., Ltd.
61 Government Street.

BUSINESS LOCALS

On the 1st of July, Lewtas, the Inimitable Ice Cream man, will open the store at present occupied by the Fairview Nursery, 74 Yates street, and will carry a full line of ice cream, ices, sherbets, fresh and whipped cream, punches, fruits, confectionery and general line of creamery produce.

The Sterling.—Be sure and read the Sterling's new ad. in this issue.

Camp Stoves, all sorts and sizes, at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

POINT COMFORT.

(Mayne Island, B. C.)

Bathing (sandy bottom), boating, fishing, lovely drives and walks along coast. Fresh bracing Gulf breezes. Rate \$12 a week. Fare, Victoria, \$1.

Special—Carpenters' Tools at Cheap.

Lawn Mowers and Grass Shears, at Cheapside.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

Special Sale of Hair and Toilet Goods To Make Room For Other Goods. AT THE B. C. DRUG STORE, 27 Johnson Street.

Phone 356. J. Teague Jr., Prop. Make no mistake and secure some of these. They are real bargains.

Imperial Ceylon Tea—Erskine, Wall & Co., sole agents.

Some low priced rugs in rich Oriental designs and colorings, just the kind to add warmth and comfort to any room at small cost at Weilers.

If you have beauty, I will take it.
If you have none, I will make it.
SAYANNAH, PHOTO, Five Sisters' Block.

Wright & Ditson, Ayre's

LAWN TENNIS RACQUETS AND BALLS.

Large Stock Just Received.

John Barnsley & Co.
115 GOVERNMENT ST.

Garden Tools of all kinds at Cheap.

AN INVITATION.

To the young and old Snokers To those who are smokers To the rheumatic croakers, Come and pay us a call.

We ran out of rhyme just at this stage, but the invitation stands just the same. Four-verse poetry on our business. Competition to begin at once. Campbell & Cullin's tobacco, and everything in the smoking line, 70 Government street, corner Troncy avenue.

Baseball, Friday, July 4. Victoria v. Port Angeles at Port Angeles. Take steamer City of Nanaimo from C. P. N. wharf, 9 a.m., 2 and 7 p.m. Fare only 50 cents return. City band in attendance. Large programme of sports.



Summer Comfort

Our new line of soft shirts are swell and furnishes you with the correct thing to wear.

They are Fast Colors.

Made in this season's styles with that peculiar cut that permits you to wear them without a coat.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW TIES.

SEA & GOWEN,
Mens' Furnishers and Hatters,
80 DOUGLAS ST.

Lace Parlors.

A fine assortment of SILK, ARABIAN BRAIDS, LINEN BRAIDS, COLORED LINENS, JAPANESE LINENS AND EMBROIDERED SILKS.

The latest lace designs always on hand.

MRS. F. V. ROBERTSON.

28 Five Sisters' Block.

JUST TO HAND.

ANOTHER CONSIGNMENT OF

STEEL RANGES

EXCELLENT VALUE.

WATSON & MCGREGOR

Phone 745. 60 Johnson St.

Along the Waterfront

Kaga Maru Sails With Good Cargo For Eastern Ports.

Sealers Are Getting Crews—Yola's Rough Passage to Honolulu.

Steamer Kaga Maru, of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha line, arrived from Seattle yesterday morning and sailed about noon for Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai and Hongkong. She carried a cargo of 4,000 tons of general freight, which included about 1,400 or 1,500 tons of flour, a smaller amount of cotton than usual, shipments of beer for thirsty soldiers in the Philippines, machinery for Japanese and Koreans, Virginia tobacco for Japanese and Filipinos, and a miscellaneous freight. She had a consignment of silver bullion from Seattle for the Hongkong and Shanghai bank at Shanghai, valued at \$150,000. This is the fourth shipment made by the Seattle firm to China, which country, owing to the shortage of silver, is importing large amounts. The saloon passengers numbered 18, and there were 50 Chinese steerage.

THE SEALERS.

Cruisers for Behring Sea—Schooners Getting Crews.

H. M. S. Phoenix left Yokohama on Friday for the Behring sea. The Phoenix is the vessel chosen from the Asiatic squadron for patrol service in the Behring sea. H. M. S. Shearwater will soon leave from this side. Some of the schooners have managed to secure crews. The Indians realizing that the company is not going to the coast, The Favorite, Capt. McLean, has her crew aboard, and will sail for Behring sea via the West Coast today. The Zillah May has also secured a crew, and so has the Carrie C. W. Capt. Macaulay. The Ida Etta and Victoria, which are still in port, have not yet filled their complements. On the West Coast, the Otto, which went to Cape Cook, and the C. D. Rand, at Quatsino, are known to have secured crews, and the Umbria, now at Ahousat, has a crew, but little is known regarding the schooner, and it is expected that few have been able to get crews. Since the French bark which arrived at San Francisco reported the schooner Beatrice L. Corkum in the neighborhood of the Falkland Islands with her sails destroyed, the vessel has made a port and is reported. She is now out again, having been refitted.

VICTORIA SLOOP SEIZED.

Fails to Report Her Entry at Seattle to United States Collector.

Assistant United States Attorney Cushman at Seattle has filed an information of libel in the United States federal court against a nameless Canadian sloop, alleged to be violating the United States customs laws in failing to report her entry in American waters.

It appears that the sloop, of which H. Jamieson was master, entered Port Townsend on March 5 from Victoria. The information alleges that the vessel arrived during the winter when the customs house was open, but failed to notify the collector of her presence either on that day or at any other time. For such an offence the master was held liable in the sum of \$1,000 and the libel is issued to secure the fine. Jamieson is the man recently acquitted at Seattle on the charge of smuggling Chinese from Victoria to the Sound.

KEEN RIVALRY EXISTS.

Tugs Off Cape Flattery Constantly on Alert for Incoming Vessels.

"Rivalry among tug boats off Cape Flattery in securing the incoming vessels is keen, and we resort to all kinds of expedients and manoeuvres to reach a ship before any of our competitors," remarked Capt. E. F. Bucklin, of the tug Rabbion, in an interview given at Seattle. "When from six to ten tugs are constantly cruising about the Cape or inside the Straits, on the alert for sailing vessels bound for some point on the Sound or in British Columbia waters, it takes a swift boat and a good deal of clever planning to get more than one's share of business," Capt. Bucklin continued. "With my tug I manage to average seven or eight tows a month. This is not the best, but it is more than the average record."

In pleasant weather we venture as far out as 40 miles from shore, but when we think we see a storm coming we make for shelter behind the Cape. The water is always rough, but sometimes it is worse than usual. The tug Rabbion, about Cape Flattery has a reputation for boisterousness, perhaps unequaled along the Coast. But with all the fury with which storms occasionally rage, I have never heard of the loss of a tug about that station.

"The Puget Sound Tug Boat company owns and operates several tugs, and the Rabbion is practically in a class by herself. She is watched very closely. When she starts out, one of the other boats goes ahead of her, and another stays by her side. In this way it is rather uphill work."

thought to start the tug on a business thought to the other day, and quickly steamed down the South shore. When I was out of sight of the fleet I put out to sea and cruised around for hours without sighting a sail, so was forced to return without a capture. An ordinary run down from Seattle to the Sound or to the Strait of Juan de Fuca, or about 10 hours longer when a ship is in tow."

YOLA'S ROUGH PASSAGE.

Victoria-Bound Merchant Ship Reaches Honolulu After Stormy Voyage.

The British ship Yola, which is one of the fleet of loaded merchantmen for Victoria, has arrived safely at Honolulu, at which port she was overdue when the last advices were received from the islands. The Yola made a very rough passage of 164 days to Honolulu from Liverpool. She had good weather to Cape Horn, but after starting up the Pacific she ran into all kinds of bad weather. Between the 50th and 42nd degree South, the weather was especially bad, and in this region two great hurricanes were encountered. The worst of these began on April 2 and lasted for 48 hours, but the other one, which was somewhat shorter, was bad enough.

Terrific seas continued to wash over the decks from stem to stern doing all kinds of damage. Everything movable

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

DEALERS IN HARDWARE

Iron, Steel, Pipe, Fittings, and Brass Goods, Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty. Contractors Plant, Picks, Shovels, Barrows, Etc.

A Large Consignment of Norway Iron just to hand from England.

WHARF STREET

TELEPHONE NO. 3. P.O. BOX 423. VICTORIA, B.C.



C. E. REDFERN,

ESTABLISHED 1862. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET. TELEPHONE 118.

NEW DAIRY BUTTER

20c. PER POUND.

PURE BEES HONEY

12c. PER POUND.

HARDRESS CLARKE

86 DOUGLAS STREET.

on the decks was washed away by the tremendous billows and finally the climax of the trouble was reached when the steering gear was broken and put out of commission. The crew every one on board thought for certain that the vessel was going to founder and all hands assembled on the poop in readiness for the worst.

The ship's cook, a venerable negro, had a startling experience during the storm. A tremendous wave struck the galley and filled it with water in a moment. "Everything in the place was immediately a confusion of storm and water and for ten minutes the unhappy occupant was tumbling around in the waves, trying to escape."

Finally, however, the worst of the weather came to an end and things were put in shape again. However, there was still much to be desired in the way of weather and altogether, it took the Yola more than a hundred days to make the passage to Honolulu after she had rounded the Horn. The Yola will sail for Victoria after discharging at Honolulu. She has about nine hundred tons of general merchandise for this port and Vancouver.

STEAMERS DECORATED.

The Waterfront Celebrates the Holiday by Hoisting Flags.

The waterfront celebrated Dominion Day yesterday. The vessels in port were decorated with bunting, and the schooners put up their flags. The Quadra, which leaves this morning for the Sand Heads, was hung with flags from stem to stern, and both the steamers Anna and Wilanga were also arrayed from end to end with signal flags. The Willapa was to have sailed for the West Coast ports yesterday, but owing to the holiday, her sailing date was postponed until today. She will leave at 11 p.m. for Ahousat and may ports. The Steamer Princess Louise will sail for Naas and way ports tomorrow night.

MARINE NOTES.

The market for lumber freights is unsettled, with weakness still quite pronounced. Rates to Australia, Mexico, Guayaquil and the East Coast of South America, Hawaii and the Orient are quoted easier.

The Kosmos liner, Alhodos, which reached San Francisco on Monday from Hamburg, arrived at Victoria on Tuesday. The crew of the wrecked Kosmos liner Sakarah, The Sakarah ran into an island on May 1 about 800 miles southwest of Valparaiso and jammed herself land and fast on the rocks. All hands were saved, and the ship's papers and \$2,500,000 in gold were taken ashore, but the ship's cargo will be a loss.

Tug Lorne passed out yesterday with the bark Kinross from Ladysmith, with coal for Honolulu.

Interesting.—The announcement of the Sterling dry goods store on another page of this issue should be read by all.

BUSINESS POINTERS.

BUSINESS POINTERS.

The entire stock of millinery goods, etc., of The Elite Millinery store, Port street, are being removed to The Sterling, where they will be disposed of at a great sacrifice, together with other goods remaining unsold from The Sterling's late big sale. Particulars, etc., may be seen more fully in tomorrow morning's issue of this paper.

Wm. Mable, carriage builder and manufacturer, 115 Johnson street is a good place to go when in need of something really nice and up-to-date in carriages, or in fact vehicles of almost any kind.

Carse & Daly, electrical engineers, are to be found at 65 Yates street, and their phone is 758.

The B. C. Furniture Co., Ltd., Government street, are offering bargains in carpets, squares, oil cloths, bolsters, rugs, mattresses. They invite attention to their goods and comparison in prices.

The entire stock of millinery goods, etc., of The Elite Millinery store, Port street, are being removed to The Sterling, where they will be disposed of at a great sacrifice, together with other goods remaining unsold from The Sterling's late big sale. Particulars, etc., advertised elsewhere in this paper.

Prof. Jameson will be at home, 60 Port street, all day, to attend to the wants of callers seeking relief from anxiety or trouble of any kind, or in need of information in business matters; also to give enlightenment into the mysteries of palmistry.

Don't miss it. The Fourth of July celebration at Port Angeles.

CAMPBELL'S

For Picnickers and Campers.

All our new large and well assorted stock of white and colored shirt waists is to be cleared out at immense reductions. It will pay you to come early if you are interested. A few prices:

\$1.25	90c
\$1.50	\$1.00
\$2.50	\$1.75

Blouse Showroom Upstairs.

The Gerhard Heintzman

PIANO

Costs you a little more than some others, but the extra cost will be the best part of your investment. It is the tone of a piano that gives it value and settles its grade as a musical instrument. Everything about a piano from its scale to its case, if properly constructed, has a part in the making of this final quality. It is because each big and little part of a Gerhard Heintzman piano is absolutely faultless and because of the scientific accuracy of its scale that the Gerhard Heintzman is unequalled. It isn't merely mechanical skill that secures the result; it's something akin to genius.

SOLD ONLY AT

FLETCHER BROS.

MUSIC SALEROOMS.

93 Government Street.

THE LARGEST LOCAL OUTPUT

—OF—

BUTTER

IS THAT OF THE CHILLIWACK CREAMERY ASSOCIATION.

Commenced three weeks ago making 350 lbs. per day; present output 700 lbs., with a capacity for 1,400 lbs. per day.

They are now engaged with an unsolicited order for Dawson.

To be had of all principal grocers and dealers.

GEORGE EVERTON, Agent & Salesman.

HAS LARGE AIMS.

What a New Seattle Company Proposes to Do.

The United States-British Columbia corporation has been formed, with Seattle as its headquarters. Interested are its headquarters, interested are its headquarters, interested are its headquarters.

"In the Bledsoe, formerly of Vancouver, but now of Seattle; Capt. C. E. Crockett, Capt. S. F. Scott, who is closely identified with the Similkameen region, John Ward and others.

"Mr. Bledsoe is a mining engineer who bought practically all the iron properties on the West shore of the island for the Tacoma Steel company. This was done individually, and only a small part of the lands was turned over to the company. The corporation was formed among other things to control and develop these deposits. Their nature is such that the best iron ore for the market, in order to begin operations as quickly as possible arrangements will be made with blast furnaces on the Sound to reduce the ore until the company can erect its own plant, and mining will begin."

"In discussing the plans for the future yesterday, Mr. Bledsoe said:

"We will undertake the transportation of timber into the Sound from the West Coast of Vancouver Island. This can be done safely only on a large barge, which we will construct. Steamers will also be built to carry the timber, and will be operated from our oil fields to bring out our crude petroleum, which will be refined here. The lands which we have purchased have the best indications of oil. Pools of water are covered to a depth of several inches with the fluid, and it reached the surface in innumerable places. We will begin boring as soon as we can get the machinery on the ground. The working of our claims in British Columbia has been made particularly easy by the spring freshets and dynamite."

"Mr. Bledsoe continued: 'A heavy deposit of debris covered the bottom of Granite creek, but now it is clear, and we can work the bed of the stream. According to sworn statements of the Canadian officials, \$1,000,000 was taken from the claims before we acquired possession. Our coal lands are in this state and are accessible to the railway. We intend to develop all these properties and believe we have undertaken a profitable enterprise.'"

In a field near Allan, Scotland, there may be seen a huge block of whinstone, probably of the same age as the Druidical dolmen. A tourist wishing to be informed of its history, approached a laborer who was working in a field, and asked him how the stone came there. His reply was sufficiently startling:

"Well, man," he said, "I dinna ken. I think it man has been turned up by the plough."

As the rock weighs seven or eight tons, the plough must have been a powerful instrument.

You hardly realize that it is medicine, when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small, no size of pill, and trouble from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK TO BE CLEARED OFF AT LESS THAN COST.

\$75.00 WHEELS at\$55.00

\$60.00 WHEELS at\$45.00

\$50.00 WHEELS at\$37.50

\$40.00 WHEELS at\$27.50 and \$30.00

\$20.00 WHEELS at\$26.00

"DAY" BICYCLES, Regular \$35.00... CUT TO\$27.50

WOLF-AMERICAN, Regular \$50.00... CUT TO\$32.50

B. & H., Regular \$40.00\$30.00

20th CENTURY, Regular \$35.00\$25.00

Second Hand Snaps

CLEVELAND, Gents, at \$7.50 and \$10.00

COLUMBIA, Gents' 20-inch frame\$25.00

IDEAL (Boys)\$8.00

EAGLE, Gents,\$10.00

This is a genuine clearance sale, and a splendid chance to secure Bargains.

M. W. Walcott & Co.

44 Government Street.

NOLTE

GLASSER ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE.

PORT ST.

TO RENT.

"Umoola." This commodious and well-planned, seven-roomed residence, situated on Oak Bay Avenue, commands a magnificent view of Oak Bay, and has all modern conveniences. Rent \$25 per month.

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 FORT ST.

Provisions of Fruit Marks Act

Text of the Measure Governing Marking and Inspection of Fruit Packages.

It Will Be Strictly Enforced Throughout Canada This Season.

W. J. Brandith, Westminster, secretary of the British Columbia Fruit Growers' association, requests the Colonist to publish the Fruit Marks Act and amendments. He says, "It is desirable that our growers be made acquainted with the Act, which is to be strictly enforced this season."

The Act is as follows: An Act to provide for the marking and inspection of packages containing fruit for sale.

(Assented to 23rd May, 1901.) His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows: 1. This Act may be cited as The Fruit Marks Act, 1901.

2. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and one.

3. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) The expression "closed packages" means a box or barrel of which the contents cannot be seen or inspected when such package is closed;

(b) The expression "fruit" shall not include wild fruit, nor cranberries whether wild or cultivated;

(c) Every person who, by himself or through the agency of another person, packs fruit in a closed package, intended for sale, shall cause the package to be marked in a plain and indelible manner, before it is taken from the premises where it is packed, with the initials of the Christian names, and the full surname and address of the packer;

(d) With the name of the variety or varieties; and

(e) With a designation of the grade of fruit.

4. No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit packed in a closed package, unless such fruit is marked in accordance with the provisions of the next preceding section.

5. No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit packed in a closed package, upon which package is marked any designation which represents such fruit as of finest, best or extra good quality, unless such fruit consist of well-grown specimens of one variety, sound, of nearly uniform size, of good color for the variety, of normal shape and not less than ninety per cent. free from scab, worm holes, bruises and other defects, and properly packed.

6. No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit packed in any package in which the faced or shown surface gives a false representation of the contents of such package; and it shall be considered a false representation when more than fifteen per cent. of such fruit is substantially smaller in size than, or inferior in grade to, or different in variety from, the faced or shown surface of such package.

7. Every person who, by himself or through the agency of another person, violates any of the provisions of this Act shall, for each offence, upon summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one dollar and not less than twenty-five cents for each package which is packed, sold, offered, exposed or had in possession for sale contrary to the provisions of this Act, together with the costs of prosecution; and in default of payment of such fine and costs, shall be liable to imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a term not exceeding one month, unless such fine and costs are paid.

8. Whenever any fruit packed in a closed package is found to be falsely marked, any inspector charged with the enforcement of this Act may effect such false marking and mark the words "falsely marked" in a plain and indelible manner on such package.

9. The inspector shall give notice by letter or telegram to the packer whose name is marked on the package before he marks the words "falsely marked" on such package.

10. Every person who wilfully alters, effaces or obliterates any marking or causes to be altered, effaced or obliterated, any inspector's marks on any package which has undergone inspection shall incur a penalty of forty dollars.

11. The person on whose behalf any

WAS IN FOUR HOSPITALS

DOCTORS SAID I WOULD NEVER BE WELL AGAIN—AM NOW AT WORK AFTER SIX YEARS OF ILLNESS—THANKS TO

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

The case described below was a very severe one and well illustrates the power of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in curing the most serious and complicated diseases. You can be certain of this preparation doing you good because it works hand-in-hand with nature in building up the system.

Mr. Simon Cloutier, shoemaker, 110, Lagacheville street, Montreal, Que., states: "For six years I was not able to work, my nerves were all unstrung and my digestion bad. I had severe attacks of headache, could not sleep and suffered with shooting pains in the small of my back. I was in four hospitals, but the doctors could not cure me. They said I would never be well again. In spite of their decision, I began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food some months ago, and I am convinced that I owe my life to this medicine. I have now been at work for over two weeks and believe that my health has been fully restored. It is a pleasure for me to add my testimony to the hosts of others from persons who have been cured by this wonderful medicine."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

TO THE TRADE AND OTHERS

AUCTION

THURSDAY, JULY 3, AT 2 P.M.

Large consignments of various kinds of

MERCHANDISE.

Consisting of Japanese Silks, Lunch Baskets, Crockery, Clocks, Lamps, Lamp Fixtures Children's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Ceylon Teas in 5-lb. Packages, 5,000 First Class Cigars.

Mardaker AUCTIONEER

Fruit is packed, sold, offered or had in possession for sale, contrary to the provisions of the foregoing sections of this Act, shall be prima facie liable for the violation of this Act.

12. Any person charged with the enforcement of this Act may enter upon any premises to make an examination of any packages of fruit suspected of being falsely marked in violation of any of the provisions of this Act, whether such packages are on the premises of the owner, or on other premises, or in the possession of a railway or steamship company; and any person who obstructs or refuses to permit the making of any such examination shall, upon summary conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars, and not less than twenty-five dollars, together with the costs of prosecution; and in default of payment of such penalty and costs, shall be liable to imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a term not exceeding six months, unless the said penalty and costs of enforcing it are paid.

13. In any complaint, information or conviction under this Act, the matter complained of may be declared, and shall be held to have arisen, within the meaning of Part XVIII, of The Criminal Code, 1892, at the place where the fruit was packed, sold, offered, exposed or had in possession for sale.

14. No appeal shall lie from any conviction under this Act except to a superior court, circuit or district court, or the court of the sessions of the peace having jurisdiction where the conviction was had; and such appeal shall be brought, notice of appeal in writing given, recognizance entered into, or deposit made within ten days after the date of conviction; and such appeal shall be heard, tried, adjourned upon and decided, without the intervention of a jury, at such time and place as the court or judge hearing the trial appoints, within thirty days from the date of conviction, unless the said court or judge extends the time for hearing and decision beyond such thirty days; and in all other respects not provided for in this Act the procedure under Part XVIII, of The Criminal Code, 1892, shall, so far as applicable, apply.

15. Any pecuniary penalty imposed under this Act shall, when recovered, be payable one-half to the informant or complainant and the other half to His Majesty.

16. The Governor-in-Council may make such regulations as he considers necessary in order to secure the efficient enforcement and operation of this Act, and may by such regulations impose penalties not exceeding fifty dollars on any person offending against them; and the regulations so made shall be in force from the date of their publication in The Canadian Gazette or from such other date as is specified in the proclamation in that behalf; and the violation of any such regulation shall be deemed an offence against this Act and punishable as such.

17. Amendments just passed the following grade marks are made compulsory:—(a) With a designation of the grade of fruit, which shall include one of the following six marks: For fruit of the first quality, No. 1, or XXX; for fruit of the second quality, No. 2, or XX; for fruit of the third quality, No. 3, or X; but the said mark may be accompanied by any other designation of grade, provided that designation is not inconsistent with, or marked more conspicuously than, the one of the said six marks which is used on the said package.

18. By amendments just passed the following grade marks are made compulsory:—(a) With a designation of the grade of fruit, which shall include one of the following six marks: For fruit of the first quality, No. 1, or XXX; for fruit of the second quality, No. 2, or XX; for fruit of the third quality, No. 3, or X; but the said mark may be accompanied by any other designation of grade, provided that designation is not inconsistent with, or marked more conspicuously than, the one of the said six marks which is used on the said package.

19. The inspector shall give notice by letter or telegram to the packer whose name is marked on the package before he marks the words "falsely marked" on such package.

20. Every person who wilfully alters, effaces or obliterates any marking or causes to be altered, effaced or obliterated, any inspector's marks on any package which has undergone inspection shall incur a penalty of forty dollars.

21. The person on whose behalf any

THE COAL TRADE.

Review of the Coast Consumption For Last Week.

In his circular for the week ending on Saturday last, J. W. Harrison, the coal and metal broker of San Francisco, says: "During the week there have been the following coal arrivals, viz.: One from Washington, 2,600 tons; one from Oregon, 450 tons; three from British Columbia, 14,354 tons; two from Australia, 4,406 tons; total, 21,810 tons. The quantity arriving this week will fully supply all current requirements. The amount on hand in yards is not excessive. This has been caused by the exceedingly light arrivals the past week. Business is moderately good, considering present conditions. Prices remain about the same, although offerings for future delivery are slightly shaded below last week. This is caused by the low freight quotations at present ruling from England and the Colonies. Oil is still being offered at the former prices, there being no evidence of an attempt on the part of producers to enhance values. Consumers are certainly the benefited parties by the stand taken by the oil producers. Each well owner seems to solicit the position of being the cheapest vendor of his product. It is not who can get a fair price for his output, but who will succeed in selling cheapest, hence all stocks on the market here are very slow articles. Under present circumstances, owners of coal mines or oil wells do not appear to be on the bright side of the market. The importations of coal for the first six months of this year will be at least 125,000 tons less than for the same period of 1901."

First spinner—"What do you think the coming man will be like?" Second spinner—"Oh, I don't know. I don't believe he's coming. I have given up looking for him."

Mistress (to cook, looking engaged)—"There's only one thing I'm afraid of. My husband, the colonel, is very particular about his food. Are you sure you could do all we require?" Cook—"Oh, he's a colonel, ma'am! You needn't better take me, because my young master in the army, so I know just what soldiers want."—London Tit-Bits.

Great Ball At Oak Bay

Everett's Crack Nine Suffer Defeat at Hands of the Victorians.

One of Best Games Seen at Oak Bay—Berkeley Defeats Vancouver.

The great Everett baseball team, they who found Vancouver and the other professional teams of the Northwest so easy, went down to defeat yesterday before the Victoria amateurs, and to the tune of five to one. There have been several sensational ball games at the Oak Bay grounds this season, but that of yesterday was the most interesting of the lot, and the most satisfactory too because with the reputation Everett brought with them it was rather expected that they would put it over the local players. True Everett earned the only run that they made, while the Victorians had no earned runs to their credit, but the one that Everett got can almost be credited to an error, as it would have been shut out had Capt. Smith taken a chance at a fly that was easy for him. He, however, expected too much of himself, and under no circumstances could have reached it from centre field. But the boys won, and they played brilliant ball, so that the few mistakes that they made, most of them at times when they were not costly, can and must be forgiven. Holmes never pitched such a game. He went in from the start and won, and the way he pitched and noded his position was a revelation to the visitors. He also kept the hits well scattered, and on several occasions pulled the team out of a bad looking hole. Not a man got a pass ball.

Schwengers as usual, was right at home behind the bat, and Rithet at first and McConnell at short played star ball. Smith and Haynes both made a couple of mistakes, but at critical times they saved themselves by playing sharp, snappy ball. Harrison, Burnes and Potts gathered in everything that came their way, and they also sent the ball back quick. Potts' fielding of a grounder to right by Le Beau, shutting off a base, was a sure hit, was brilliant ball. The boys hit the great Shock well, he getting two eight strike outs. In Pringle the visitors had a magnificent catcher, he taking several foul tips that looked impossible. Their in and outfield too is strong, but yesterday Spencer, who has the reputation of being one of the best short stops in the Northwest, was rather off color, and made a couple of costly errors. McKee, at third, also made a number of fumbles. They are a strong batting team, as may be judged from the way in which they hit Law at Vancouver, but they were a little too much for them. He had the heavy bat of the team down fine, and picked out their weak spots. There was a very large attendance, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

Pringle started off by hitting out a nice two-bagger, but was caught at third. He was the only man to reach first in that inning. McConnell came up for Victoria, and Shock, the big pitcher looked twice at the little short stop before landing him an easy one. McConnell refused to hit, but was caught on one to his liking, and when it came sent it humming down to Spencer at short. That player fumbled, and then threw wild to first. It went to the far fence, and McConnell drew first blood for Victoria by sending home Schwengers in a hit, but got only as far as second before the side was retired. Le Beau got around to third on Smith's error, and McKee's hit but neither runner scored. McKee striking out, and Holmes sending a fly out to Burnes. Potts got a hit in Victoria's half, and reached second on Mahan's error, but was caught trying to steal third, retiring the side. It was in the third that Everett scored, and it was only through hard playing that they were prevented from securing more. Pringle had been put out short to first, and Donovan had struck out, when Spencer came along with a clean two-bagger. Shock followed with a pop fly just over second, which Smith left to Burnes, but which the latter was unable to reach. Mahan sent one away into deep centre, and here it was that quick fielding came in. Burnes got the ball and drove it in to McConnell, and the latter player without losing a second sent it home, catching Shock on the pop, thus retiring the side. It was pretty good, but not very fancy. McConnell to second, but made good himself. It was a splendid play. Schwengers gave McKee another chance to pile up his errors by handing him a fly. It caught Rithet at second, however, but McConnell was along to third. Schwengers went down on the ball, and Pringle tried to catch him, ignoring McKee at third. The latter came home and Schwengers having stolen third came home on a passed ball. Burnes got in a hit, but only got as far as first before the side was retired. Potts shut off a hit for Le Beau in the fourth, but McKee got his bag on a fumble by Smith. The latter player, however, redeemed himself by catching him at second, and Holmes retired the side by popping a foul into Rithet's hands. Holmes got a hit in Victoria's half, but could not get all the way around. Everett did nothing in the fifth, but Victoria scored another. Rithet got to first on still another error by McKee, and came home on a series of bad throws. After Shock and Mahan had been sent to the bench in the sixth, Le Beau got in a hit and McKee followed with a two-bagger, so for a minute it looked dangerous, but McKee landing on one that only went as far as Holmes, he was caught at first, and it was again a bad throw. Holmes again got hits in Victoria's half, but could not make a complete circle, the former being caught on second after Potts had hit to that bag. Pringle, Everett's strong batter, struck out to start the seventh, and Donovan got a hit, but that was as far as they got, Spencer being out on a grounder to Holmes, which reached first before him, and Shock striking out. Victoria brought their score up to five in their half. Rithet and Schwengers reached first on two more errors by McKee, and Holmes again got caught at second Schwengers scored on Burnes' hit. Le Beau got in a hit in the eighth, and McKee reached first on a fielder's choice, but Mahan having struck out previous to this, and McKee and Holmes doing likewise the score was not changed. Haynes got first on an error and Harrison followed with a

hit for Victoria, and they advanced to third and second respectively on a wild pitch, but that was as far as they got. Everett ended the game by going out in one, two, three order.

George Smith gave every satisfaction as umpire, and one of his decisions being disputed. The score follows:

EVERETT.										
AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.					
Pringle, c.	5	0	1	11	1	0	1	0	0	0
Donovan, c.f.	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Spencer, s.s.	5	0	1	0	2	3	0	0	0	0
Shock, p.	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Mahan, i.f.	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Le Beau, 3b.	4	0	2	2	2	4	0	0	0	0
McKee, 2b.	4	0	0	2	5	1	0	0	0	0
McKay, 1b.	4	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
Holmes, r.f.	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total										
39	5	10	24	9	8	0	0	0	0	0

McConnell, s.s., 2 0 0 10 3 0 0
Rithet, 1b., 2 0 0 10 0 0 0
Schwengers, c.f., 2 1 10 0 0 0
Smith, 2b., 4 0 0 0 4 1 0
Haynes, 3b., 4 0 1 2 0 0 0
Harrison, i.f., 4 0 1 1 0 0 0
Potts, r.f., 4 0 1 0 1 0 0
Holmes, p., 4 0 2 0 0 0 0

Donovan out for bunting third strike. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Victoria 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 5
Everett 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

Earned Runs—Everett, 1; Victoria, 9.
Struck Out—By Shock, 8; Holmes, 9.
Passed Balls—Pringle, 1; Schwengers, 1.
Double Play—Le Beau and McKay.
Two Base Hits—Pringle, Spencer and Mahan.

Time of game, 1:35.
Umpire—Geo. Smith.
Attendance, 1,500.

AT VANCOUVER.

The Berkeley ball players defeated Vancouver twice yesterday, in the morning by 7 to 2, and in the afternoon by 7 to 3. Williams pitched both games for the Californians, while Vancouver had Nichols to pitch in the morning and Law in the afternoon. Nichols struck out 12 men, but they hit him safe six times. A very large crowd witnessed the afternoon game, which was interesting to look at up to the eighth inning, when the visitors batted Law, Vancouver's pitcher, for five runs. Williams pitched both morning and afternoon games for Berkeley. The score follows:

Vancouver 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 3
Berkeley 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 5 7

LACROSSE AT VANCOUVER.

Victoria Defeated by the Terminal City Team Yesterday.

San came out for two hours this afternoon long enough to lure the largest crowd to Brockton Point that ever paid to pass the turnstiles, thus proving that the National game is still the biggest drawing card of all sports in Vancouver. The match was between Vancouver and Victoria, Vancouver winning by a score of 5 to 3. Victoria was seriously handicapped from lack of accommodation on the steamer, having been obliged to sit up all night, and in consequence went on the field fatigued out. The visitors played a better combination game than Vancouver, but Vancouver seemed stronger on home though the defence of both teams were equally matched. Play was very even, and an enormous crowd remained all the time. It was anybody's game until the close of the second interesting exhibition of lacrosse for the spectators. Lorrimer made some brilliant stops in goal, which called for hearty applause from the spectators. The game was gentlemanly, and practically free from roughness. The summary is: One—Vancouver, 4 minutes, C. O. Two—Victoria, 1 minute, F. White. Three—Victoria, 5 minutes, F. White. Four—Vancouver, 10 minutes, Matheson. Five—Victoria, 5 minutes, Blaine. Six—Vancouver, 2 minutes, C. O. Seven—Vancouver, 6 minutes, Matheson. Eight—Vancouver, 10 minutes, C. O.

AT CRICKET TOO.

Victoria Team Was Defeated in the Match at Vancouver.

Vancouver, B. C., July 1.—(Special.)—The excellent bowling of the Vancouver cricket team was the cause of the defeat of the Victoria team today. Vancouver went to bat first, making 157 runs, the top liner being Reggie Woodward, 47. Victoria were retired for 70 runs, and in their second innings added 12 to that number.

SPORTING NOTES.

The Victoria baseball team broke even at Ladysmith yesterday. The Victoria Eagles defeated the Ladysmith Eagles with a score of 18 to 3, but the Fernwood nine was turned down by the Ladysmith team, the score being 22 to 2.

Victoria plays the Port Angeles baseball team on the 4th at the city across the Straits, and on the 5th (Saturday) the return game will be played at Oak Bay.

FEATHERED MILITARY.

Movement Against the Destruction of Birds For Hat Trimmings.

From Springfield Republican.

Even the most pessimistic observers of millinery in its relations to bird life have been forced to admit that the beneficial influence of the increased interest in nature has been marked. It is rare in Massachusetts, at any rate, to see a hat trimmed with the body or feathers of any native song bird. The threatened attack on gulls and terns, moreover, two years ago, resulted in the protection movement conducted by William Brewster, with the help of the Thayer fund. As a result of the generosity of the contributors to this fund and of the activity of Messrs. Dutcher and Palmer, not only is our coast patrolled as never before, and the gulls and terns protected in innumerable quantities on numerous breeding spots, but an almost unbroken rampart of protective legislation has been enacted in the seaboard States.

There is, however, in spite of these encouraging features of the contest between nature and the millinery of the one hand, and broader sympathies and enlightenment, one stronghold in which the powers of darkness threaten to make a desperate stand. It is announced that the egret, which has never ceased to be one of the most fashionable, will come into greater demand than ever during the coming winter. It is proved extremely difficult to influence the wearers of these heroic plumes, and the consequent slaughter of the beautiful birds has gone on at an appalling rate. The egret, once an abundant bird in Florida is now one of the rarest inhabitants. The trade is now supplied for the most part from South America. The number of egrets killed in Venezuela in 1898, according to the official reports of the British consul, was 1,500,000. These figures will not represent the entire slaughter, however, since the feathers are taken from the bodies of the egrets when the young are helpless in the nests, so that the wiping out of a heavy means the death by starvation of hundreds of young birds. The egret's plumes, beautiful as they seem to any one ignorant of the method by which they must have been obtained, rightly stamp the wearer as strangely ill-informed in these times of many books and lectures, or else utterly lacking in sympathy for man's most charming and most defenceless fellow-creatures. We must hope that if the fashion is setting in the threatened direction, Massachusetts, at any rate, will be found strong enough to resist the demand to return to more heartless and ignominious conditions.

These statements made by Ralph Hoffman, of Belmont, with regard to the expected increased demand for egrets, are confirmed by newspaper items, which state that next winter will see more of them worn than ever before. It does not seem possible that after the peculiar cruelty that attaches to the getting of these beautiful plumes is known, even the most careless-minded woman could ever bring herself to wear them again.

CIGAR TALKS.

GRANDAS CIGARS SATISFY.

They satisfy DEALERS. Because orders are multiplying and sales increasing. They satisfy SMOKERS. Otherwise dealers would not find the output.

WHY?

They are all that is claimed for any cigar. Pure Havana leaf throughout. Made by skilled Cuban workmen.

They are equal to imported cigars at twice the price, and have no domestic equals.

SMOKE GRANDAS and be SATISFIED

The daintiest dessert for any table, are:

Cowan's

Queen's Dessert Chocolate

Chocolate Cream Bars

Chocolate Ginger

Chocolate Wafers, etc.

Pure! Healthful!

Save the Baby

Nestlé's Food will so strengthen an infant that it can withstand the enervating effects of hot weather. It is a preventive of Cholera Infantum. Your physician will recommend it.

Nestlé's Food
SAMPLE (SUFFICIENT FOR EIGHT MEALS) FREE.
LEEMING, MILKES & CO., MONTREAL.

AUCTION

THURSDAY, JULY 3, 2 P.M.

58 Broad Street.

City Auction Mart

FINE

FURNITURE

Particulars Thursday morning.

Tel 294. W. JONES, Dom. Govt. Auctioneer.

William Mable

CARRIAGE BUILDER AND MANUFACTURER.

The Largest Rubber Tire Business in the city. A carload of the best and latest designs in carriages and buggies.

TERMS MODERATE.

Factory 115 Johnson St., Victoria, B. C.

New Vancouver Coal Co.

LIMITED.

NANAIMO, B. C.

Samuel M. Robins, Superintendent

Coal Mined by White Labor

New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts, \$5.00 per ton

Sack or Lump, \$6.00 per ton

Delivered to any part within the City Limits.

KINGHAM & CO.

84 Broad St., corner Truncheon Alley.

Wharf-Spratt's Wharf, Store St.

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CARSE & DALY

65 Yates Street

Electrical Engineers, ETC.

All kinds of Electrical Machinery and Appliances installed.

Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.

'PHONE 759.

are confirmed by newspaper items, which state that next winter will see more of them worn than ever before. It does not seem possible that after the peculiar cruelty that attaches to the getting of these beautiful plumes is known, even the most careless-minded woman could ever bring herself to wear them again.

THE STRAND HOTEL.

Wood Bros., proprietors.

Has been remodelled. All newly furnished, one block from depot. European and American plan. Prices moderate.

At a golf club in a celebrated German watering-place one of the rules runs thus:—(a) by death, (b) by resignation, (c) by removal.

"The first seems to be a complete qualification for not paying any more subscriptions."

"It is a positive delight to meet a man you feel you can trust," remarked the individual with the high forehead. "Oh, I don't know. I prefer a man who pays cash," replied the man who keeps a grocery store.

TYEE COPPER CO.

SMELTING WORKS

AT

LADYSMITH

Prepared to purchase ores as from August 1st.

Convenient to E. & N. or Sea.

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON. MANAGER.

Have You Tried the